

International Cooperation

Break-out Group Discussion

Chair: Prof. Shukla

Presenter: Prof. Jhirad

Rapporteur: Pedro Piris-Cabezas

International Cooperation

- LCS should involve a wider range of domestic and international agents and issues.
 - Governments
 - Businesses
 - Financial sector
 - Civil society
- And their incentives and risks jointly addressed.

International Cooperation

- Mainstreaming climate change policies (including into economic policies, infrastructure development and poverty reduction) can help LCS
 - expanding domestic opportunities and thus facilitating international cooperation.
- Carbon market and international investment frameworks are vital.
- A comprehensive range of technologies and policy measures should be considered, differentiated by regions and countries.

International Cooperation

- A need for stronger political signals at domestic and international levels.
- Multilateral agencies (World Bank, Regional Development Banks, IMF) need to assess present roles and instruments.
- Countries' deployment of policies and regulatory environment can help create conditions required to support large scale infrastructure and capital flows.

International Cooperation

- A common pool resource mechanism such as special global fund for technology innovations and transfer would enlarge the set of options for transiting to LCS.
- International trade can be potentially tapped to foster transition to a LCS.
- International R&D collaboration.
- International cooperation between local authorities

Thank you